BGP Security

Hijack and Route Leak Detection

Lefteris Manassakis | COO, Code BGP



March 22, 2023

About me



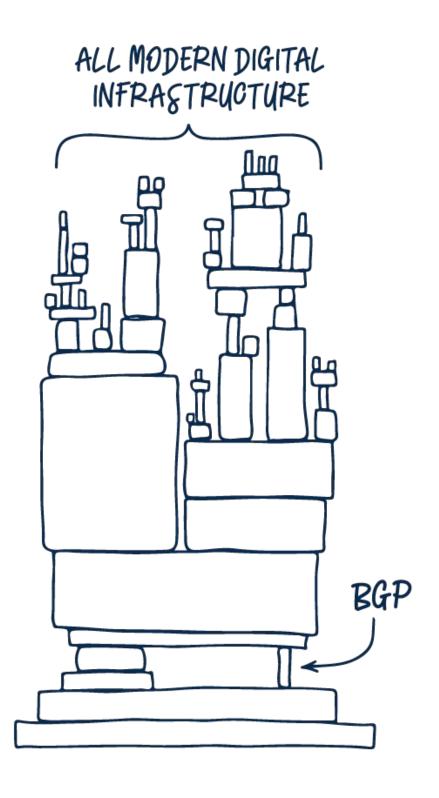
Lefteris Manassakis

COO & co-founder | Code BGP

- ✓ lefteris@codebgp.com
- https://manassakis.net/



BGP hijacks, leaks & misconfigurations affect your network



- BGP events critically affect **reliability**, **security**, **and performance**
- Only the **tip of the iceberg** gets known

Types of BGP prefix hijacks

- Classification by Announced AS-Path
 - Origin-AS (or Type-O): The hijacker AS announces as its own a prefix that it is not authorized to originate. This is the most commonly observed hijack type.
 - Type-N (N≥1): The hijacker AS announces an illegitimate path for a prefix it does not own. The announced path contains the ASN of the victim (first AS in the path) and hijacker, e.g., {AS50414, ASx, ASy, AS1 – 212.46.55.0/24}, while the sequence of ASes in the path is not a valid route, e.g., AS50414 is not an actual neighbor of ASx.

Types of BGP prefix hijacks

- Classification by Affected Prefix
 - **Exact Prefix Hijacking:** The hijacker announces a path for exactly the same prefix announced by the legitimate AS. Since shortest AS-paths are typically preferred, only a part of the Internet that is close to the hijacker (e.g., in terms of AS hops) switches to route towards the hijacker.
 - **Sub-Prefix Hijacking:** The hijacker AS announces a more specific prefix of the prefix of the legitimate AS. Since the more specific prefixes are preferred, the entire Internet routes traffic towards the hijacker to reach the announced sub-prefix.
 - Squatting: The hijacker AS announces a prefix owned but not (currently) announced by the owner AS.
 - For a comprehensive prefix hijack taxonomy please check the <u>ARTEMIS paper</u>.

Route Leaks

• **Definition:** A route leak is the propagation of routing announcement(s) beyond their intended scope.

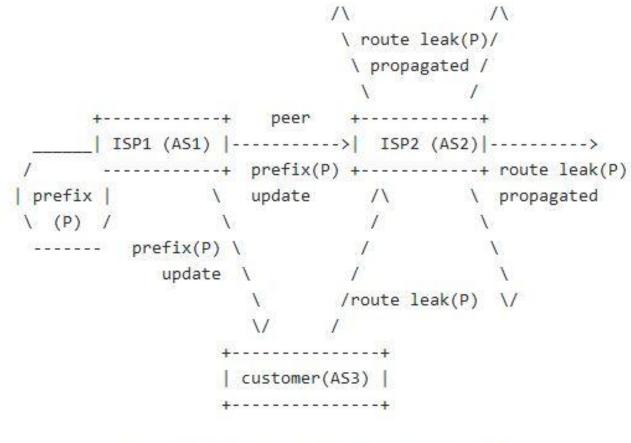


Figure 1: Basic Notion of a Route Leak

• For different types of route leaks please check <u>RFC 7908</u>.

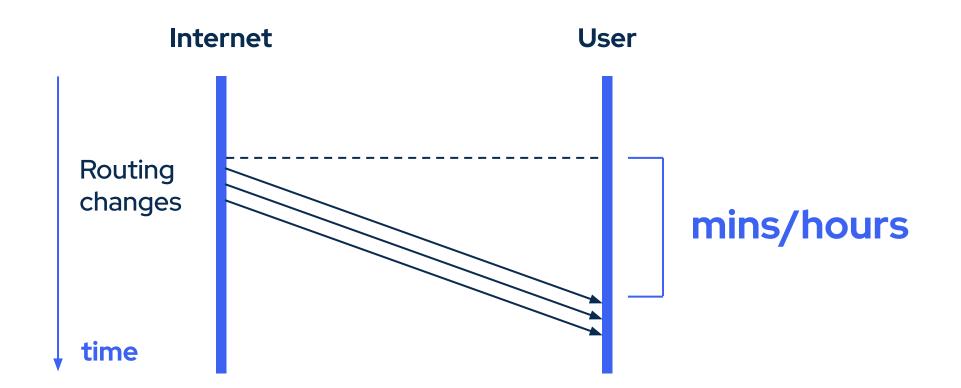
Challenges of hijack and route leak detection

Speed

Evasion

Accuracy

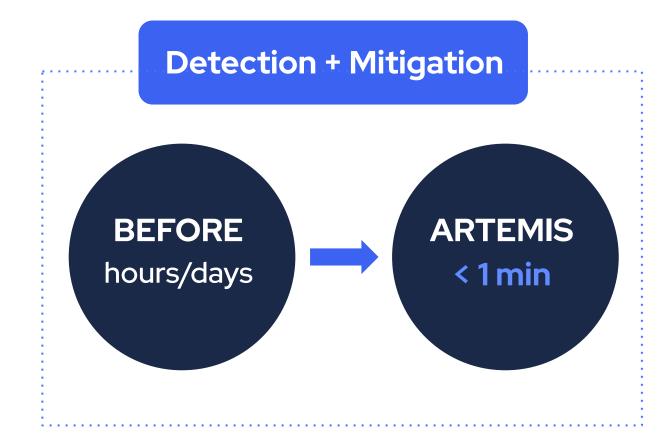
Privacy and flexibility



ARTEMIS

https://bqpartemis.org

- On-prem open-source tool we developed
- We support a community of users
- Precursor of the Code BGP Platform



- The Code BGP Platform is offered as a SaaS subscription
- Both are self-operated, leveraging the contextual knowledge of the Network Operator

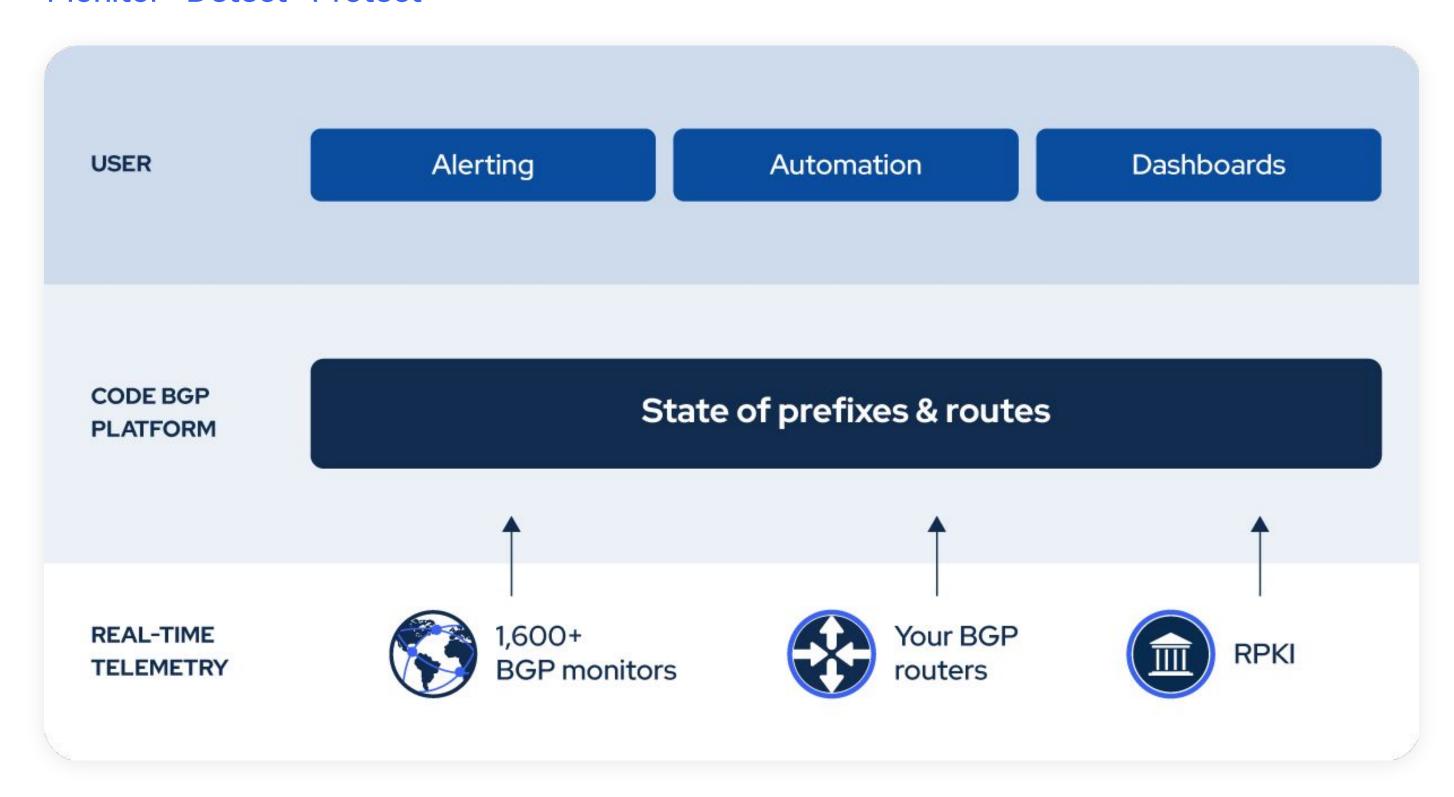


"ARTEMIS is a **fantastic** replacement for BGPmon. All around it seems like **an** incredibly well-built tool and I use it in prod all the time"

Chris Cummings Network Engineer & modem.show podcast host

Code BGP Platform

Monitor • Detect • Protect



Data service: Code BGP Monitor

BGP Monitoring Service developed by Code BGP

- Route Reflection (RFC 4456)
- BGP Add-Path (<u>RFC 7911</u>)
- 186 full feed peerings (v4 & v6)
- 20 Upstreams
- Monitors in 37 countries, 62 cities



Data Service: RIS Live

Provides real-time JSON BGP messages via a fully filterable interactive WebSocket JSON API, and a full stream ("firehose") containing all of the messages generated by RIS. \rightarrow https://ris-live.ripe.net/



Total peerings (IPv4 & IPv6):

1448

BGP full feeds:

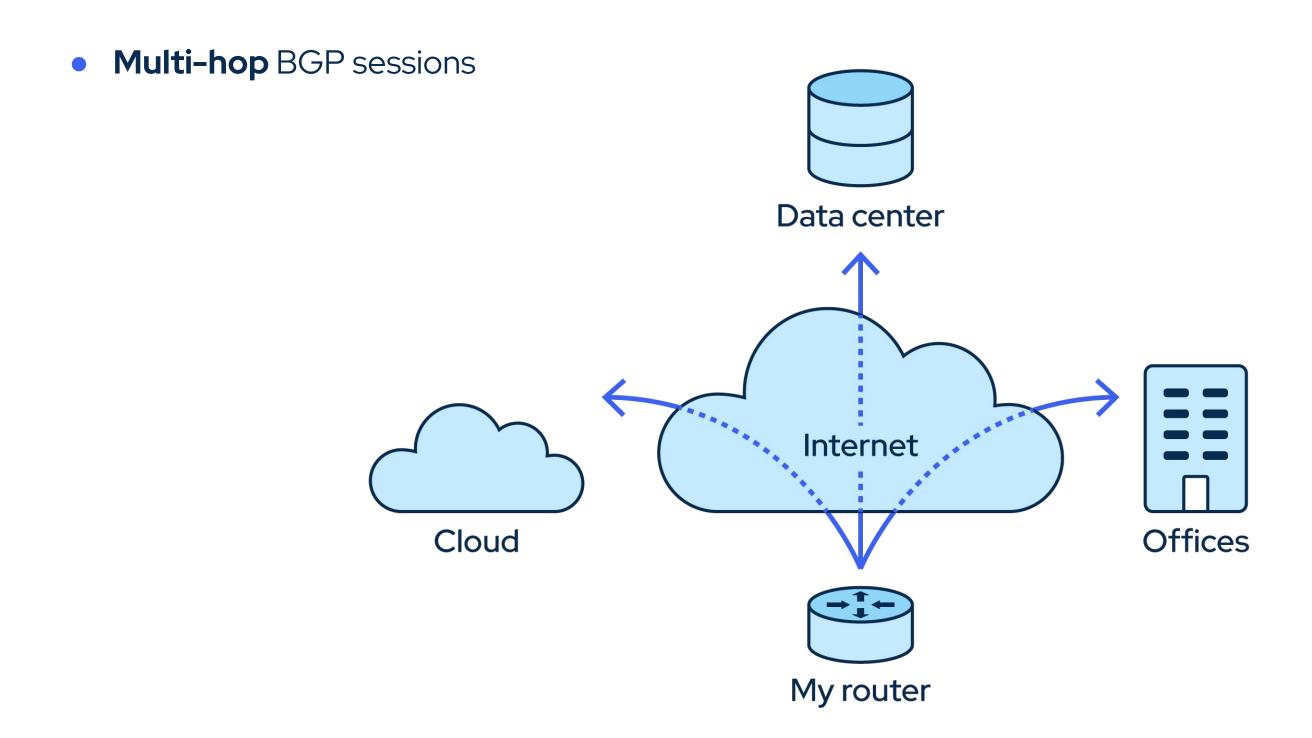
IPv4: 366

IPv6: 401

List of Route Collectors: https://ris.ripe.net/docs/10 routecollectors.html

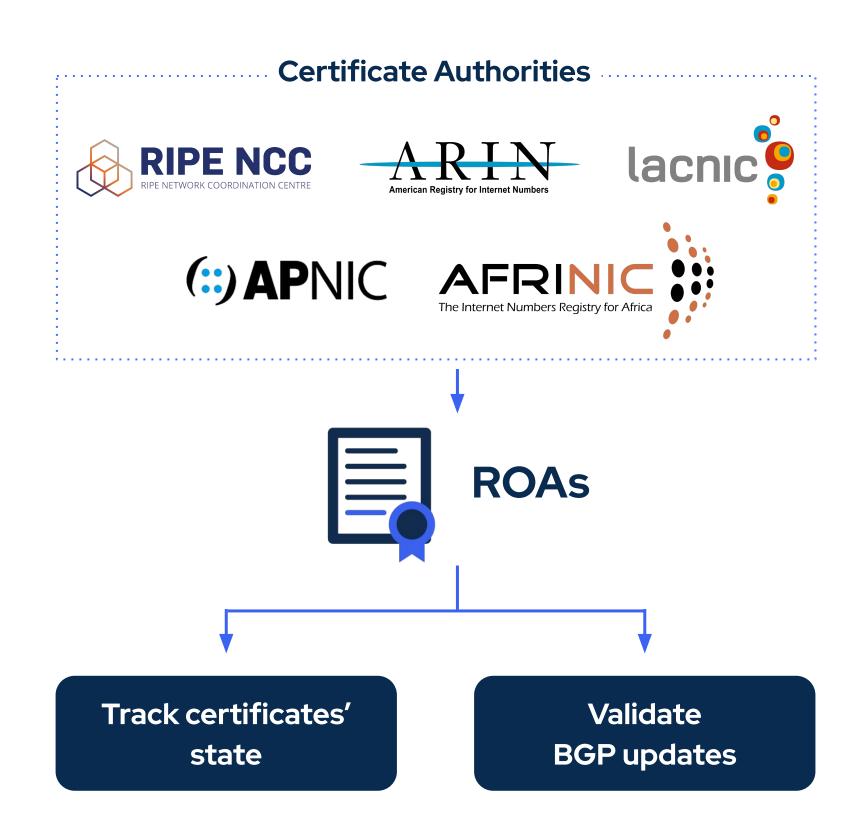
List of Peers: https://www.ris.ripe.net/peerlist/all.shtml

Data service: Your routers



Data Service: RPKI

- Tracking the state of ROA certificates
- Validating BGP updates and detecting invalids



Alert Types

Supported Alert Types	Description	
Exact Prefix Hijack	Illegal origin ASes that announce configured prefixes.	
Sub-Prefix Hijack	Illegal origin ASes that announce subprefixes of configured prefixes.	
Route Leak	Unexpected prefixes in the list of prefixes that are announced by configured ASes.	
New Neighbor	New neighbors that appear to peer with configured ASes. Possible AS path manipulation.	
Neighbor Leak/Hijack	New neighbors that not only appear to peer with configured ASes, but also propagate their prefixes.	
Squatting	Illegal origin ASes announcing prefixes that are not currently announced by configured ASes.	
Presence in AS Path	Presence of ASes in paths towards configured prefixes.	
Invalid AS Path Pattern	Violation of valid pattern by AS paths towards configured prefixes.	
Prefix Visibility Loss	Visibility of prefix falls below a configured data source count threshold.	
Peering Visibility Loss	Visibility of peering falls below a configured data source count threshold.	

Supported Alert Types	Description
RPKI-Invalid Detection	RPKI-Invalid announcements of configured prefixes by other ASes.
RPKI-Invalid Announcement	RPKI-Invalid announcements by configured ASes.
RPKI-Invalid Propagation	RPKI-Invalid routes propagated by configured ASes.
RPKI-NotFound Propagation	RPKI-NotFound routes propagated by configured ASes.
Bogon (Exact-)Prefix	Announcements of bogon prefixes by configured ASes.
Bogon (Sub-)Prefix	Announcements of bogon subprefixes by configured ASes.
Bogon AS	In-path presence of bogon ASes, in routes towards configured prefixes.
AS Path Comparison	Discrepancies in AS paths towards the same prefix, comparing between different Data Services, up to a terminating (end) AS.
Prefix Comparison	Discrepancies in prefixes announced by configured ASes, comparing between different Data Services.
Custom	User-defined

GraphQL basics



What it is

- Query language for APIs
- Runtime for fulfilling queries with existing data

Features

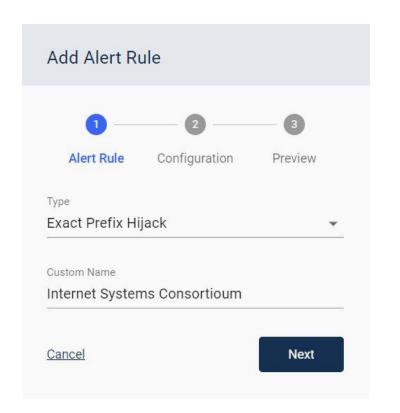
- Ask exactly the data you need
- Get many resources in single request
- Single endpoint + type system: organized in terms of types and fields, not endpoints
- No-version API evolution
- Integration with own data + code
- Supports subscriptions

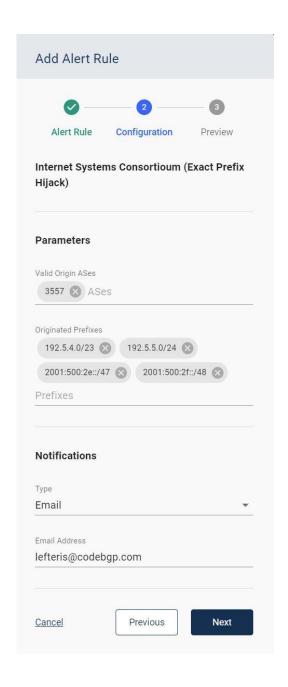
GraphQL subscriptions

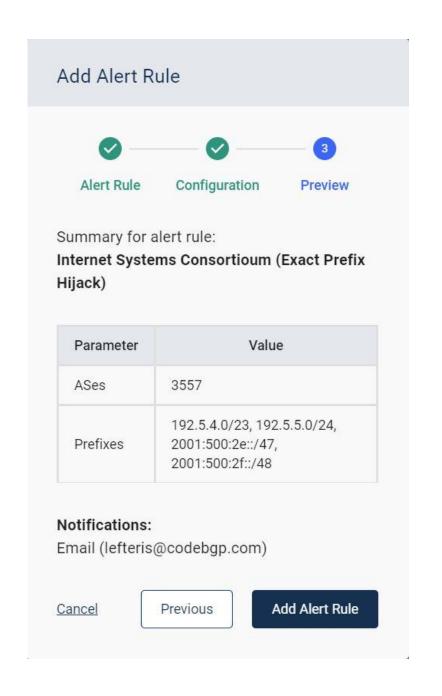


- Subscriptions are a **GraphQL feature** that allows a server
 to send data to its clients when a specific event happens.
 They are implemented with WebSockets, and the server
 maintains a steady connection to its subscribed client. This
 also breaks the "Request-Response-Cycle" that were used
 for all previous interactions with the API.
- Instead, the client initially opens up a long-lived connection to the server by sending a subscription query that specifies which event it is interested in. Every time this particular event happens, the server uses the connection to push the event data to the subscribed client(s).

Insert Alert Rules using the Ul









2 Add Parameters

Preview Parameters & Add GQL Subscription

How we use GraphQL Subscriptions for Alert Rules

Example of a subscription query (which is entered to the system as a mutation) to detect exact prefix hijacks for prefixes belonging to Code BGP (AS 50414).

```
mutation MutationExactPrefixHijack {
    insertAlertSubscription(object: {name: "Exact Prefix Hijack", query: "subscription IllegalOriginsFromWhichExactPrefixesAreAnnounced($asns:
[bigint!] = [], $prefixes: [cidr!] = []) { routes(where: {originAutonomousSystem: {number: { nin: $asns}}, prefix: {network: { in: $prefixes}}}
order_by:
{as path: asc, prefix: {network: asc}, originAutonomousSystem: {number: asc}}) { originAutonomousSystem { number } prefix { network } as path
}}", vars: {asns:[50414],
prefixes:["212.46.55.0/24","2a12:bc0::/48","2a12:bc0:1::/48","2a12:bc0:2::/48","2a12:bc0:3::/48","2a12:bc0:4::/48","2a12:bc0:5::/48"]},
fire_alert_regex: "^.*routes.*as_path.*$", type: "as_origin_violation_exact", severity: "critical", description: "Illegal origin ASes that
announce configured prefixes."}) {
      id
      name
      query
      vars
      fire_alert_regex
      type
      severity
      description
```

Root DNS Servers

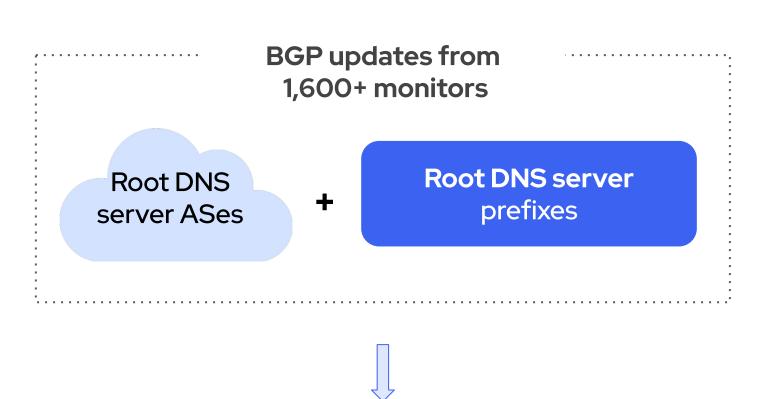
• The authoritative name servers that serve the DNS root zone

Name	IPv4	IPv6	Operator
A-Root	198.41.0.4	2001:503:ba3e::2:30	Verisign, Inc.
B-Root	199.9.14.201	2001:500:200::b	USC, Information Sciences Institute
C-Root	192.33.4.12	2001:500:2::c	Cogent Communications
D-Root	199.7.91.13	2001:500:2d::d	University of Maryland
E-Root	192.203.230.10	2001:500:a8::e	NASA (Ames Research Center)
F-Root	192.5.5.241	2001:500:2f::f	Internet Systems Consortium, Inc.
G-Root	192.112.36.4	2001:500:12::d0d	US Department of Defense (NIC)
H-Root	198.97.190.53	2001:500:1::53	US Army (Research Lab)
I-Root	192.36.148.17	2001:7fe::53	Netnod
J-Root	192.58.128.30	2001:503:c27::2:30	Verisign, Inc.
K-Root	193.0.14.129	2001:7fd::1	RIPE NCC
I-Root	199.7.83.42	2001:500:9f::42	ICANN
M-Root	202.12.27.33	2001:dc3::35	WIDE Project

Why Monitoring Root DNS Server Prefixes

- Critical Internet infrastructure, worth protecting
- These prefixes are heavily anycasted
 - BGP anomalies (e.g. exact prefix hijacks) will go largely unnoticed, due to their limited impact on the data plane

We provide access for free to a Code BGP
Platform instance which monitors the root DNS
prefixes



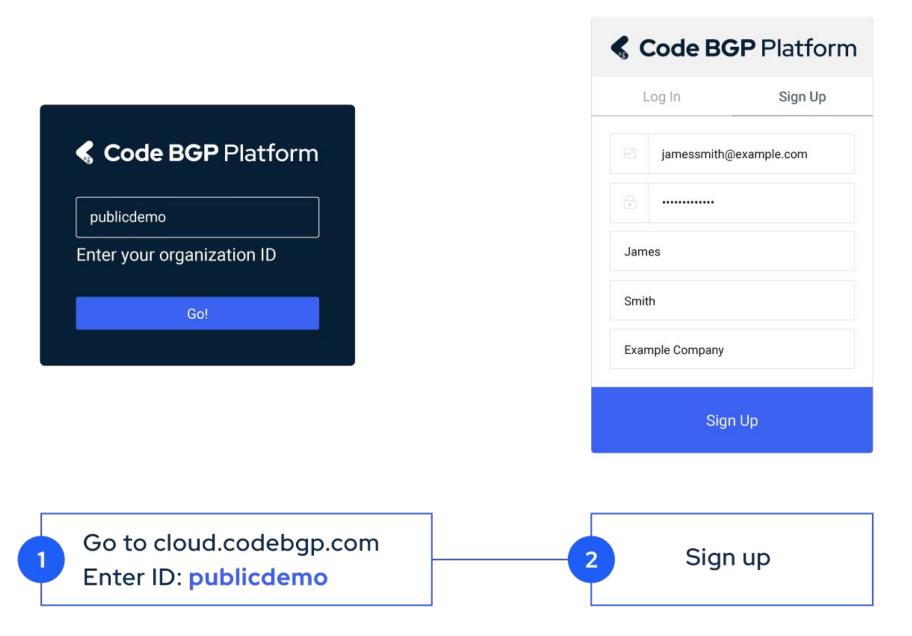


How to get access to the Route DNS monitoring instance

Go to https://cloud.codebgp.com/
 and in the Organisation ID type
 "publicdemo"

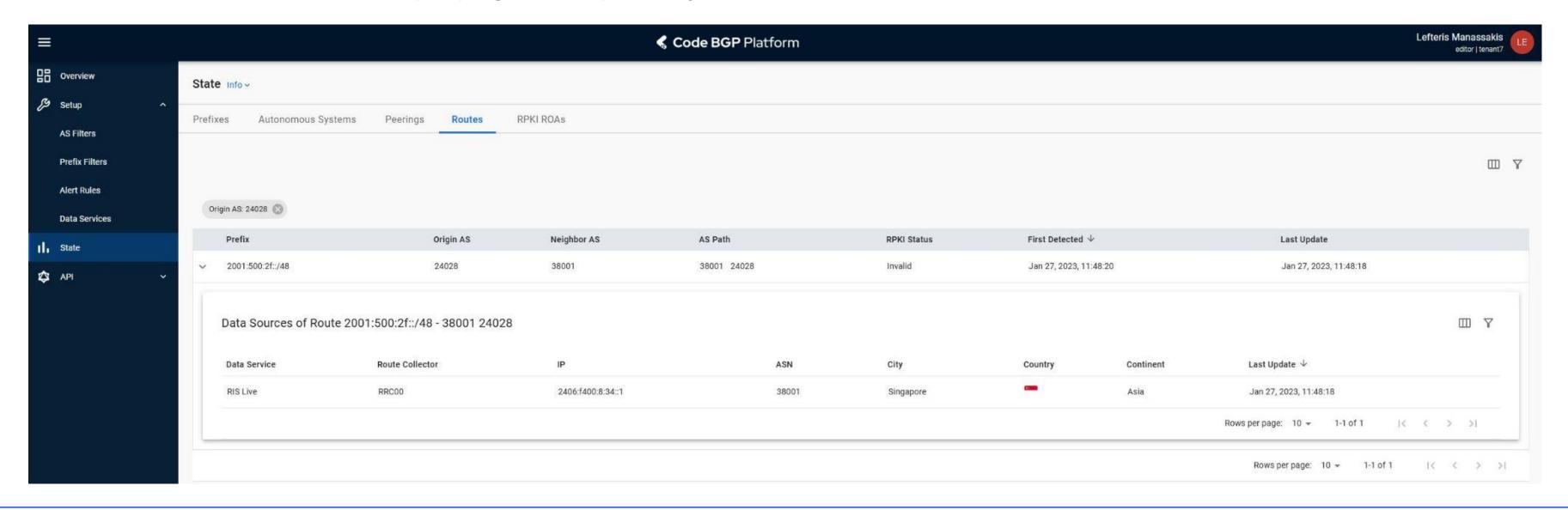
Sign up

Docs: https://docs.codebap.com/



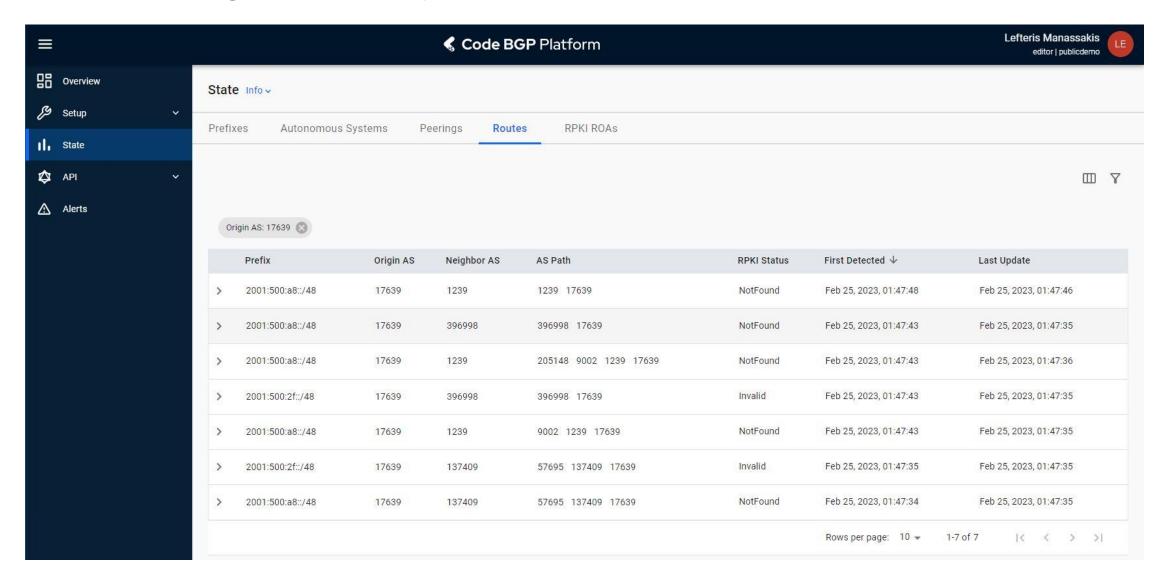
Exact Prefix Hijack detected for root DNS prefix - Jan 27

- AS 24028 announced prefix 2001:500:2f::/48 which belongs to <u>ISC</u>, and serves as the IPv6 prefix of the "<u>F-Root</u>" domain server (AS 3557)
- Seen only by one source, which happens to be a neighbor of the offending network. The limited propagation is possibly due to RPKI ROV



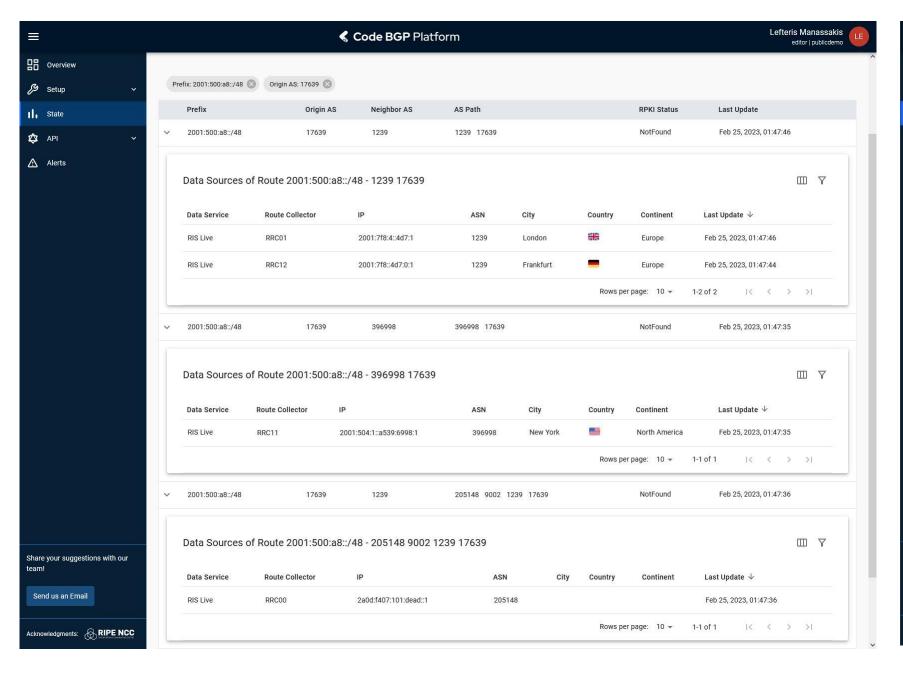
Exact Prefix Hijacks detected for root DNS prefixes - Feb. 25

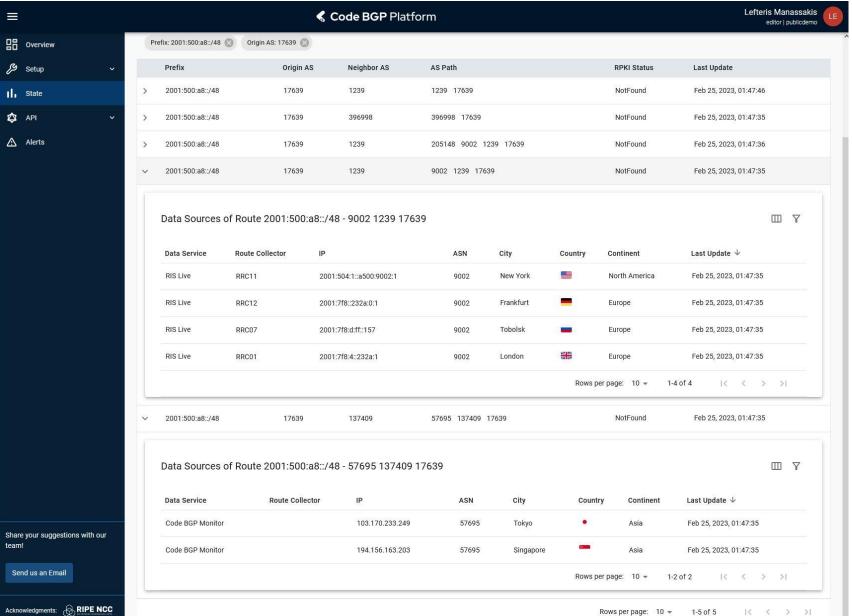
- AS 7639 announced prefix 2001:500:a8::/48 which belongs to NASA and is the IPv6 prefix of the "E-Root" domain server (AS 21556)
- At the exact same time, the same AS 7639 announced prefix 2001:500:2f::/48 which belongs to F-Root (ISC AS 3557)



Exact Prefix Hijacks detected for root DNS prefixes - Feb. 25

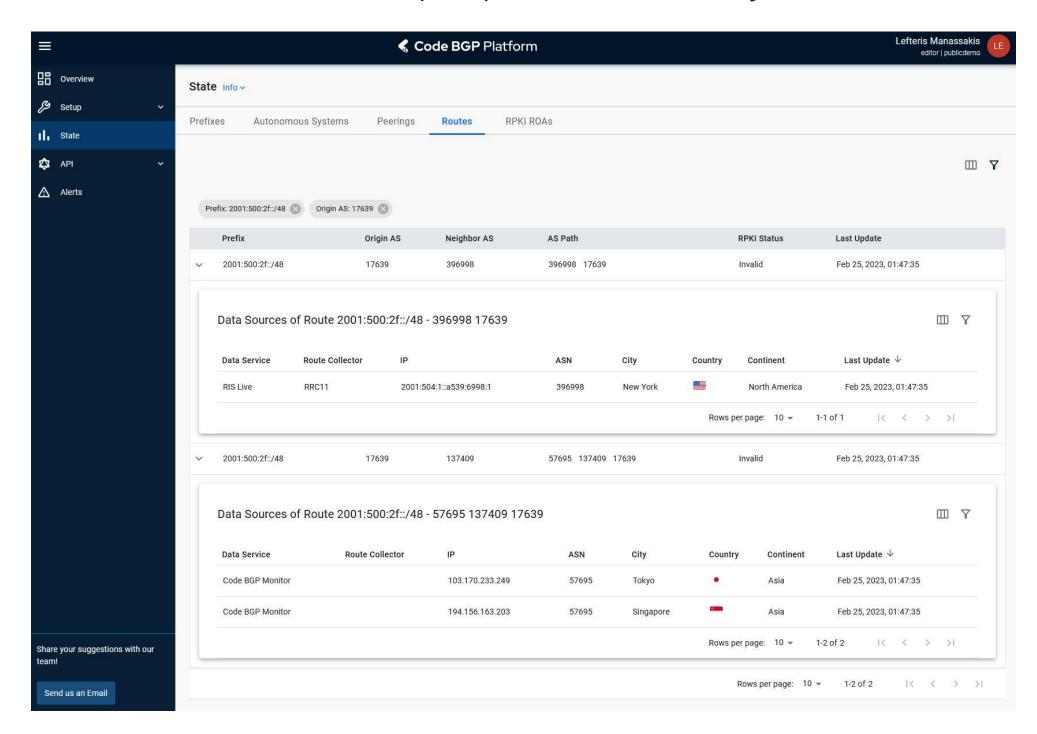
• The "E-Root" 2001:500:a8::/48 prefix is not covered by a RPKI ROA. The event lasted 2 days



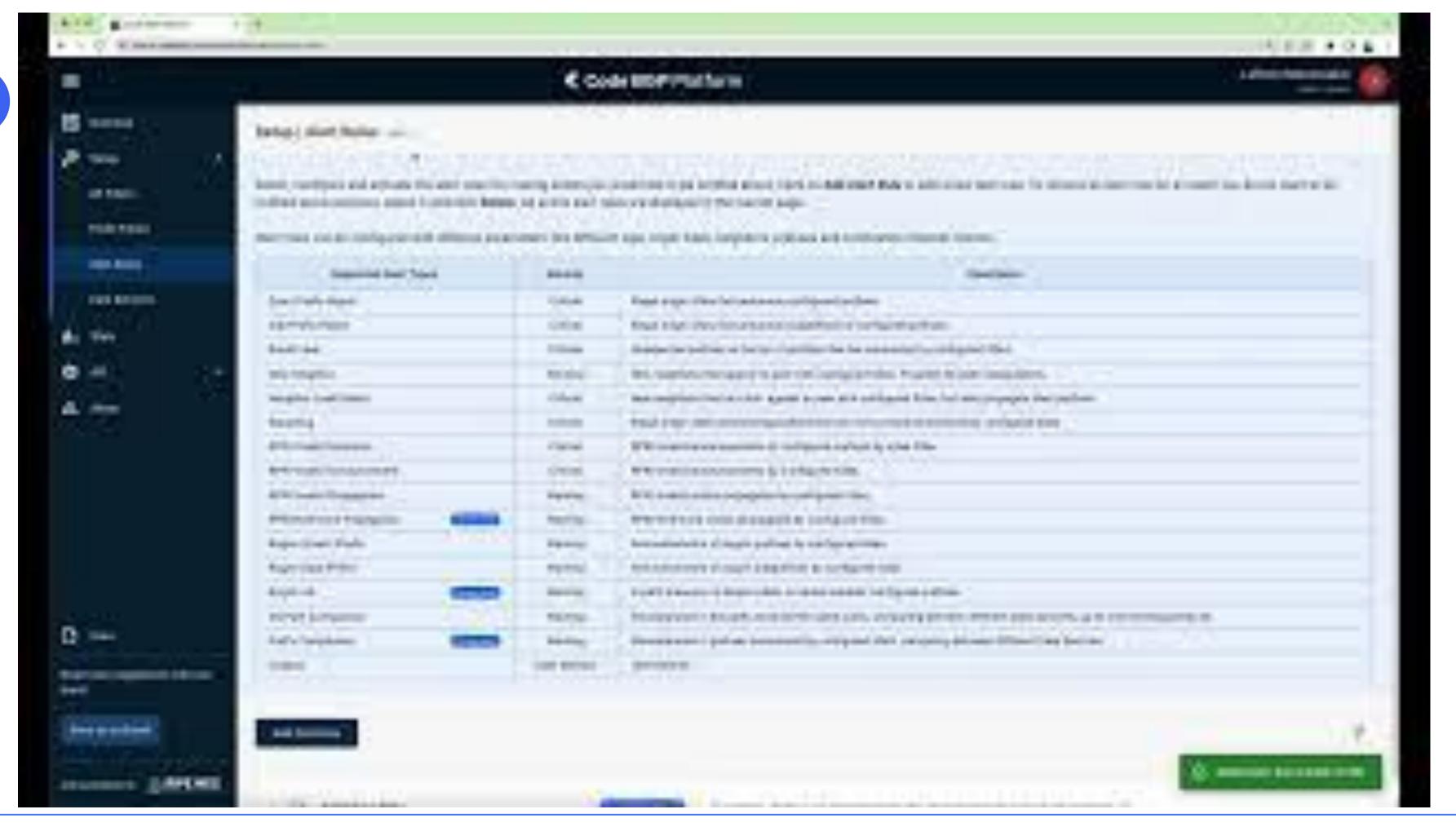


Exact Prefix Hijacks detected for root DNS prefixes - Feb. 25

• The "F-Root" 2001:500:2f::/48 prefix is covered by a RPKI ROA. The event lasted 18 hours



Prefix Hijacking Demo



Questions

- lefteris@codebgp.com
- codebgp.com

